BOOKLET CODE

Please fill in your Roll No.

Type

30

(PART I)



QUESTION BOOKLET SERIES

the space provided below each question on

the Question-cum-Answer Booklet only.

NOTE: Confirm that the 1st and 2nd digits of your Roll No. are 30. If not, bring it to the notice of the invigilator.							
Name of candidate :				Signature of the candidate:			
Part	Pattern	Question Nos.	Marks per Ouestion	Marking of Answers	Exam Duration		
I	Objective Type-Multiple Choice Questions	1 to 18 19 to 35 36 to 51 52 to 55 56 to 59	0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 3.0	Answers of these questions are to be marked only on the OMR Answer Sheet which is provided separately, using Black/Blue ball point pen.	3 hours		
II	Subjective	60	8	Answers of these questions are to be given in			

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

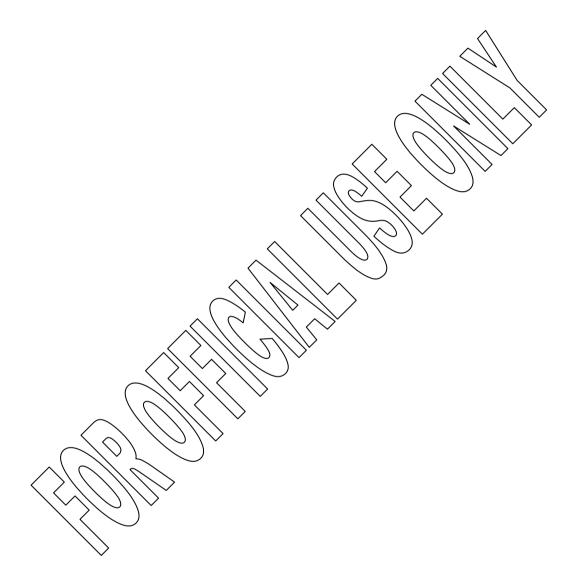
1. Please do not open this Question Booklet (Part I) until asked to do so.

10

12

- 2. Fill up the necessary information in the space provided on the cover of this Question Booklet (Part I), OMR Answer Sheet and Question-cum-Answer Booklet Part II before commencement of the test.
- 3. The total duration of this test (Part 1 & Part II) is 3 hours. There are 59 questions in Part I and 3 questions in Part II.
- 4. The Test (Part I & Part II) is of total 100 marks.
- 5. There is No Negative Marking.
- 6. You may attempt the questions in any order you prefer.
- 7. Please check for the completeness of the Question Booklet (Part I) & Question-cum-Answer Booklet (Part II) immediately after opening.
- 8. Q. Nos. 1 to 59 are objective type questions and answers of these objective type questions are to be marked on OMR Answer sheet provided separately.
- 8.1 Each question has four answer options marked (A) (B) (C) and (D).
- 8.2 Choose the correct option and darken the oval completely with a BLACK/BLUE PEN ONLY against the relevant question number.
- 8.3 Use only Black/Blue Pen to darken the oval for answering.
- 8.4 Do not darken more than one oval against any question. No marks will be given for such responses.
- 9. Rough work, if any, is to be done on the Question Booklet only. No separate sheet will be provided/used for rough work.
- 10. Calculator, Mobile or any Electronic Gadgets, etc. are not permitted inside the examination hall.
- 11. Candidates seeking, receiving and/or giving assistance during the test will be disqualified.
- 12. Appropriate civil/criminal proceedings will be instituted against the candidates taking or attempting to take this Question Booklet or part of it outside the examination hall.
- 13. The right to exclude any question(s) from final evaluation rests with the examining authority.

QUESTION BOOKLET (PART I), OMR ANSWER SHEET AND QUESTION-CUM-ANSWER BOOKLET (PART II) ARE TO BE RETURNED ON COMPLETION OF THE EXAM.



PART-I

Directions: Question Nos. 1 to 59 are multiple choice. The correct answer must be marked in the OMR answer sheet provided separately. Do not write your name anywhere in the booklet. This will lead to disqualification.

n

	· -	1 to 18): Each question esponse from the options		Please read the question		
Q1.	Which of the following is <u>not</u> a UNESCO World Heritage site? (A) Somnath Temple, Gujarat (B) Champaner-Pavagadh Archaeological Park, Gujarat (C) Konark Sun Temple, Odisha (D) Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus railway station, Mumbai, Maharashtra					
Q2.	Which languages of the s (A) German, Javanese ar (C) Spanish, Greek and l		o be able to speak in? (B) Aramaic, Hebrew and Greek (D) Hebrew, Russian and Lahnda			
Q3.	the world's first hybrid		drogen fuel cells. The	port with the introduction of tram emits no pollutants as (D) Japan		
Q4.	The Good Design Mark (A) India	for recognition of excellence (B) Japan	in design was initiated (C) Denmark	by which country? (D) Italy		
Q5.	Who founded Amazon.c (A) Sergey Brin and Lar (B) Steve Jobs, Steve W (C) Jeff Bezos (D) Paul Allen					
Q6.	Which of the following i (A) Chikankari	s not an embroidery techniques (B) Phulkari	ue? (C) Kalamkari	(D) Kashidakari		
Q7.	The newly introduced Go (A) Take-away food.	oods and Services Tax is not (B) Automobiles.	applicable on (C) Garments.	(D) Employment.		
Q8.	Sansad Bhawan, the house of the Parliament of India, is located in New Delhi. Identify the architects who designed it. (A) Edwin Lutyens, Herbert Baker (B) Charles Correa, Laurie Baker (C) Raj Rewal, B. V. Doshi (D) Louis Kahn, Le Corbusier					
Q9.	How often does the lunar (A) Every year (B) Once in 2 years (C) Every five years (D) Every third year	r calendar add one extra mor	nth to a year?			

Q10.	The story and theme are styles of dance?	always taken from the Maha	abharata and Ramayana	in which of the following		
	(A) Bharatanatyam	(B) Kuchipudi	(C) Oddissi	(D) Kathakali		
Q11.	The painting 'Guernica', anti-war symbol. The nam	painted by a Spanish artist, ne of the artist is	depicts the horror of wa	ar and is considered as an		
	(A) Velazquez	(B) Salvador Dali	(C) Goya	(D) Pablo Picasso		
Q12.	Recently, Guinness World country is Majuli located?	d Records declared Majuli to	be the largest river isla	and in the world. In which		
	(A) India	(B) Australia	(C) Sri Lanka	(D) South Africa		
Q13.	On 24 August 2017, a landmark judgment was delivered by a nine-judge bench of the Supreme Court of India. In this judgment, it declared which of the following options as a fundamental right under the Constitution of India? (A) Triple Talaq (B) Use of biometric information (C) Privacy (D) Right to dissent					
Q14.	Identify the set that lists substances in strictly increasing order of acidity: (A) human blood, pure lemon juice, vinegar, liquid soap (B) pure lemon juice, vinegar, liquid soap, human blood (C) vinegar, liquid soap, human blood, pure lemon juice (D) liquid soap, human blood, vinegar, pure lemon juice					
Q15.	The 'colour wheel' as an of (A) Isaac Newton. (B) Leonardo da Vinci. (C) Johann Wolfgang von (D) Michel Eugène Chevr		first introduced in 1666,	by		
Q16.	What has the UN declared the decade from 2016 to 2025 as? (A) United Nations Decade on Biodiversity (B) United Nations Decade of Action on Nutrition (C) United Nations Decade for People of African Descent (D) United Nations Literacy Decade					
Q17.	Which of the following United Nations (UN) Hum (A) Pakistan	_				
		(B) South Africa	(C) Chile	(D) India		
Q18.	Which word does <u>not</u> suit (A) Rhythm (B) Hypnosis (C) Spiral (D) Continuation	ably describe the effect of th	e image below?			

Directions (Question Nos. 19 to 35): Each question carries 1.0 marks. Please read the question carefully and select your response from the options provided.

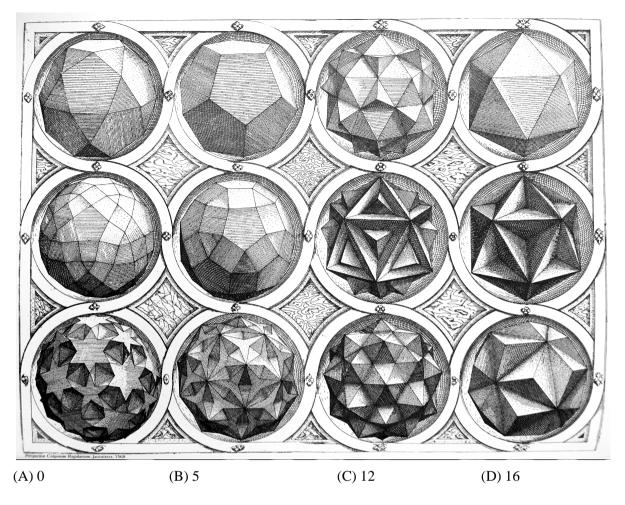
Directions (Question Nos. 19 to 22): Read the paragraph below carefully to answer these questions.

Architects tend to assume a "sameness", or normality, amongst the population, that all kinds of people have the same expectations of the environment. This has also been perpetuated through three interconnected dimensions of the design process, that is, giving greater precedence to the idea of building form over function; the construction of architectural and other design practices, thus creating a new technical expert; and the ascendancy of the corporate economy as the dominant clientele. Further, the culture, social ethics and/or practices of design professionals do not make them see themselves as part of wider political processes. According to them, architects seem to have limited understanding of the interconnectedness between values, design objectives and the design intentions derived from them, with design theory tending to focus on the technocratic and technological, reducing questions of access and form to the functional aspects of the subject, yet being inattentive to the social psychology of design or people's real needs. An impersonal, often alienating, practice is perpetuated because emphasis is laid on the aesthetic or building form, not the user and/or the pragmatics of the functioning of the building. Seen in this way, buildings are deemed as an "abstraction", which are independent of the socio-political contexts within which they are produced. Then again, architectural movements and styles such as the modern movement were based on the principle of having "segregated and monofunctional forms". This is an aesthetic based on "an abstract, intellectual purity of rational, geometric, forms and a massproduced industrial technology" and "a non-contextual" principle which negates bodily differences, human subjectivity, differences in human behavior or access. The Bauhaus movement, for instance, persuaded people to use predetermined design, and architects and designers sought to standardize people's bodily interactions with the built environment. Thus, the socio-architectural practices based on universal design principles or based on structures which are multi-functional are non-disablist and liberating.

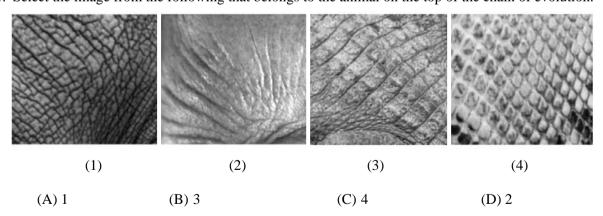
Q19. Choose the word which is most opposite in meaning to the word "perpetuated" used in the pa

- (A) Sustain
- (B) Continue
- (C) Cease
- (D) Perpetrate
- Q20. The author's most important objective of writing the passage seems to be to
 - (A) highlight how architects do not consider the varied range of users of a given built environment and their interaction with it.
 - (B) show how architects emphasize function over form.
 - (C) illustrate the supremacy of architects.
 - (D) urge the adoption of flexible architecture.
- O21. According to the passage, architects need to pay attention to
 - (A) varied built environments.
 - (B) standardised design outcomes.
 - (C) socio-psychological aspects of design.
 - (D) engineering aspects of design.
- Q22. The most appropriate title for the passage would be
 - (A) Towards Universal Design
 - (B) Alienated Design
 - (C) Dynamic Architectural Design
 - (D) Modern Movement

Q23. How many triangles can you see in the circle second from left in the second row?



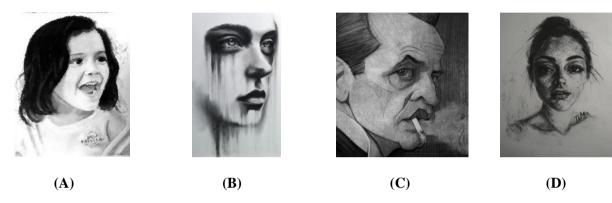
Q24. Select the image from the following that belongs to the animal on the top of the chain of evolution.



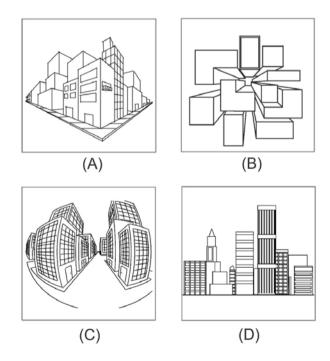
Q25. Study the image below carefully and identify the feelings of the image.



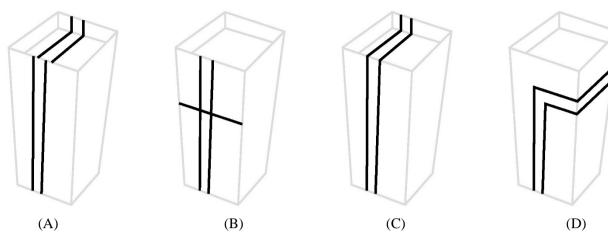
Now look at the images below and identify one which reflects the same feelings.



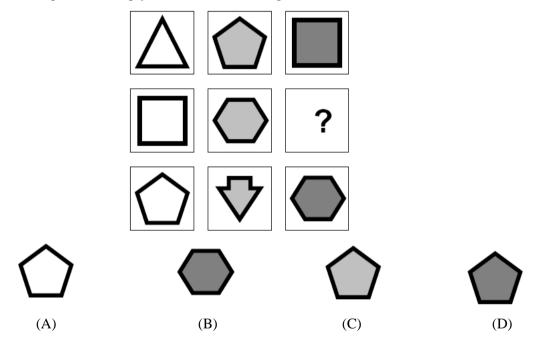
Q26. Which of the pictures below is a fish-eye view?



Q27. Which of the strips running along the walls of the building in the images below has a representational perspective flaw?

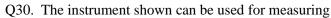


Q28. Select a shape for the empty frame in the following.



- Q29. How many pentagons must the object below have over its complete surface?
 - (A) 5
 - (B) 12
 - (C) 1
 - (D) 6

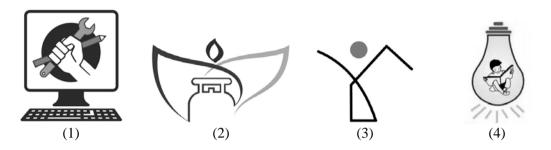




- (A) Depth
- (B) Length
- (C) Diameter
- (D) All these



Q31. Identify the four government schemes shown in this image:



- (A) 1-Make in India, 2-Saubhagya, 3-Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Gramin, 4-Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojna
- (B) 1-Skill India, 2-Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojna, 3-Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Gramin, 4-Saubhagya
- (C) 1-Skill India, 2-Swachh Bharat, 3-Jan Aushadhi, 4- Start up India
- (D) 1-Make in India, 2-Pradhan Mantri Ujiwala Yojna, 3-Amrut Yojna, 4-Beti Bachao Beti Padhao

Q32. Which of the following is a case of "by design, not by accident"?

- (A) Pollination of flowers
- (B) The patterns obtained in a kaleidoscope
- (C) Evolution of creatures on this earth
- (D) A well-executed shot in carrom

Q33. You are inside a cinema hall 100 feet high. Adjacent to the cinema hall is an office building of the same height. The office building is divided into floors of equal height. Each floor of the office building has a window on the outside. How many windows would the building have when viewed from outside?

- (A) 5 windows
- (B) 9 windows
- (C) 14 windows
- (D) 19 windows

Q34. At the end of a meeting of 12 designers, each one shook hands with everyone else once. How many handshakes took place altogether?

(A) 11

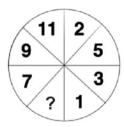
(B) 13

(C) 66

(D) 132

Q35. Identify the missing number:

- (A) 12
- (B) 10
- (C) 4
- (D) 0



Directions (Question Nos. 36 to 51): Each question carries 1.5 marks. Please read the question carefully and select your response from the options provided.

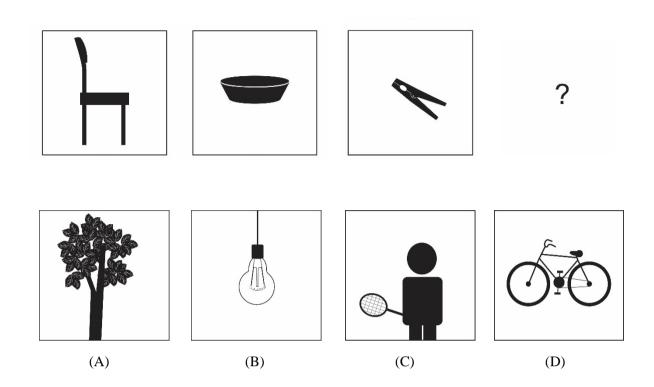
Directions (Questions 36-37): Read the paragraph carefully to answer these questions.

Three years after the Bandung Conference, in 1958, Nehru, the first prime minister of independent India, invited the Eameses to help the developing country incorporate design into his project of national regeneration. Before elaborating, however, I want to attend more closely to the summer of 1955, when the self-assertions of the former colonies at the Bandung Conference converged with the arrival of Indian art and aesthetics into public consciousness in the United States. The Textile and Ornamental Arts of India exhibition at MoMA had gathered an unprecedented range of textiles, crafts, and decorative objects from collections and institutions around the world, including several hundred loans from the Victoria and Albert Museum in London, such as the highly symbolic Tipu's Tiger, seized by the British in 1799 and still displayed at the Victoria and Albert in London. Tellingly, American audiences were largely indifferent to this contested symbol of imperial rule; they responded instead to Girard's installation of brightly colored saris from different regions of the subcontinent, which hung over a fifty-foot pool of water and were reflected for the viewer in a large mirrored wall. Visitors did not appear to object to this or other violations committed by Girard to the sanctity of MoMA's modernist "white cube" space. Indeed, his installation, designed as an imaginary bazaar, received rave reviews in New York's fashion magazines and, intentionally or not, helped to establish the village scene as the privileged setting for the display of Indian crafts in the post-war period. MoMA's Textile and Ornamental Arts of India thus received significant attention by the mainstream media and was featured in Life, the New Yorker, the New York Times Magazine, Women's Wear Daily, and Harpers Bazaar, before traveling for the next three years to more than a dozen locations in the United States, ranging from Pennsylvania, Illinois, and Tennessee, to Texas, California, Florida, and Hawaii. The exhibition also brought the Eameses into contact with a number of distinguished 'experts' on Indian art, including Stella Kramrisch, the Austrian professor and curator of Indian art who had recently arrived to work in Philadelphia, Pupul Jayakar, the writer and cultural activist known for her advocacy of crafts in Indian society, and John Irwin, the Keeper of the Indian Section at the Victoria and Albert Museum in London. It is more than a simple coincidence that all of these authorities on Indian art would converge on the MoMA show, the first large-scale exhibition of Indian culture in the United States.

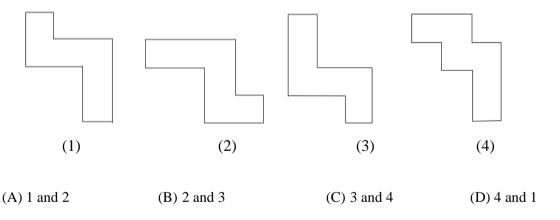
Q36.	Before the MOMA's	Textile and	Ornamental	Arts of Ir	ndia exhibition	the designers,	the Eameses,	were
	in contact with							

- (A) Girard
- (B) Kramrisch
- (C) Jayakar
- (D) Irwin
- Q37. The author believes that the American audiences of the 'Textile and Ornamental Arts of India' exhibition were unconcerned with the
 - (A) first large-scale exhibition of Indian culture in the United States.
 - (B) colonial past of some objects showcased in the exhibition.
 - (C) imaginary bazaar that was installed in modernist building of MOMA.
 - (D) coverage of the exhibition in many magazines in the United States.

Q38. Which image will fit to the context of images given here most appropriately?



Q39. If the following shapes are extruded out of the plane of the paper to become solids, which two among them will look identical in shape and size when seen from the right?



- Q40. What letter will you get by rotating W first by 180 degrees about the Y axis, then by 180 degrees about the X axis and then by 90 degrees about the Z axis?
 - (A) W

(B) E

(C) M

- (D) None
- Q41. If you were to look at the rainbow with red glasses, which two of the colours V (=1)-I-B-G-Y-O-R(=7) would you expect to turn fully black?
 - (A) Colour no. 1, 4, 7

(B) Colour no. 3, 4, 5

(C) Colour no. 3, 4

(D) None of the 7 colours

Directions (Question Nos. 42-45): Read the paragraph carefully to answer these questions.

"From this distant vantage point, the Earth might not seem of any particular interest. But for us, it's different. Consider again that dot. That's here. That's home. That's us. On it everyone you love, everyone you know, everyone you ever heard of, every human being who ever was, lived out their lives. The aggregate of our joy and suffering, thousands of confident religions, ideologies, and economic doctrines, every hunter and forager, every hero and coward, every creator and destroyer of civilization, every king and peasant, every young couple in love, every mother and father, hopeful child, inventor and explorer, every teacher of morals, every corrupt politician, every "superstar," every "supreme leader," every saint and sinner in the history of our species lived there—on a mote of dust suspended in a sunbeam. Our planet is a lonely speck in the great enveloping cosmic dark. In our obscurity—in all this vastness—there is no hint that help will come from elsewhere to save us from ourselves. The Earth is the only world known, so far, to harbor life. There is nowhere else, at least in the near future, to which our species could migrate. Visit, yes. Settle, not yet. Like it or not, for the moment, the Earth is where we make our stand. It has been said that astronomy is a humbling and character-building experience. There is perhaps no better demonstration of the folly of human conceits than this distant image of our tiny world. To me, it underscores our responsibility to deal more kindly with one another and to preserve and cherish the pale blue dot, the only home we've ever known."

	(A) humankind reaching the moon.				
	(B) launch of the space shuttle.				
	(C) voyager looking back at Earth from a di	stant point in space.			
	(D) humankind going into space for the first	time.			
Q43.	This speech could NOT have been written in the year				
	(A) 2015	(B) 1995			
	(C) 1955	(D) 1935			
Q44.	The emotions that the author can be said to l	be experiencing are			
	(A) Awe	(B) Sorrow			
	(C) Dismay	(D) Nostalgia			
Q45.	"Blue Dot" above refers to				
	(A) A drop of water				

(B) Earth as seen from a distant spacecraft

(C) An artist's rendering of Earth(D) Another planet seen from Earth

O42. The trigger for this speech was

Q46. If the river Sabarmati is represented by 94, Hoogly by 62, Beas by 42, Krishna by 72, and Ganga by 52, then Narmada would be represented by which number?

(A)73

(B) 74

(C)75

(D) 76

Q47. Mr. Namit Patankar leaves Mumbai by the 8.00 am IST (Indian Standard Time) flight to New Delhi and later boards an international flight at 12.20 pm IST to Tokyo (Japan) via Bangkok (Thailand) with a layover connection time of 2 hr 15 min. The total duration of air time for the international flight is 9 hr 45 min. Predict in JST (Japan Standard Time), the estimated time of his arrival in Tokyo.

(A) 3.50 am

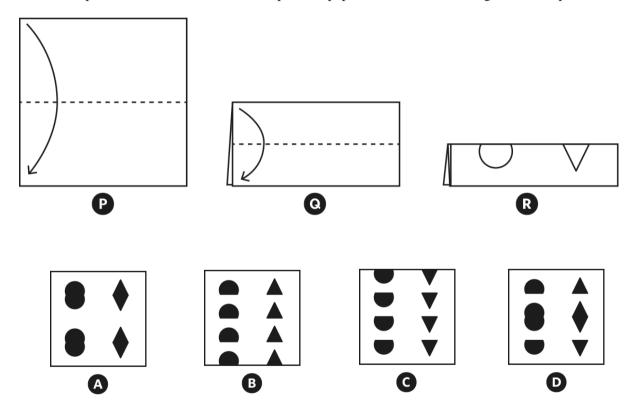
(B) 8.50 pm

(C) 12.20 am

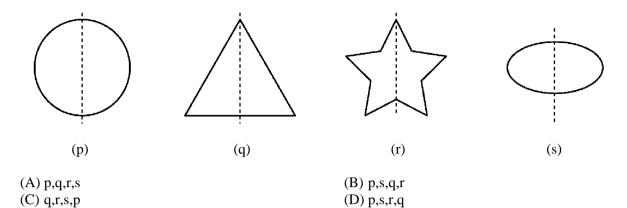
(D) 11.50 pm

- Q48. Which of the following correctly represents the relationship between the perimeters of the shapes for the same area?
 - (A) Circle < Square < Equilateral triangle
 - (B) Equilateral triangle < Circle < Square
 - (C) Square < Equilateral triangle < Circle
 - (D) Equilateral triangle < Square < Circle
- Q49. Three figures—P, Q and R, are given below indicating the sequence in which a square sheet of paper is folded. The last figure R shows the shapes which are then cut out from the folded piece of paper.

Select the option which would resemble the piece of paper unfolded after cutting out the shapes.



Q50. Observe the shapes below. Visualize each shape rotated 360 degrees about a vertical axis passing through its centre as shown and generating a 3D solid swept in the process. Rank the resulting solids according to order of increasing stability?



- Q51. Identify the missing number in the sequence: 10 6 8 16 13 ? 24 34 20 18 27 12
 - (A) 13
 - (B) 15
 - (C) 16
 - (D) 19

Directions (Question Nos. 52 to 55): Each question carries 2.0 marks. Please read the question carefully and select your response from the options provided.

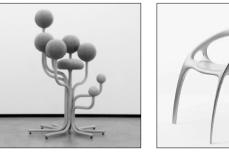
- Q52. Which of the following objects can best represent the ideas of—
 - 1. Abstract
 - 3. Organic

- 2. Sustainability
- Minimalism



(A) i-2, ii-4, iii-1, iv-3 (B) i-1, ii-2, iii-4, iv-3 (C) i-4, ii-3, iii-2, iv-1 (D) i-2, ii-3, iii-4, iv-1

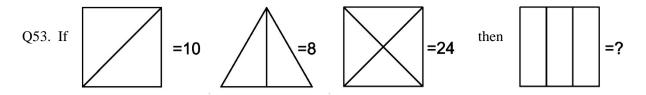




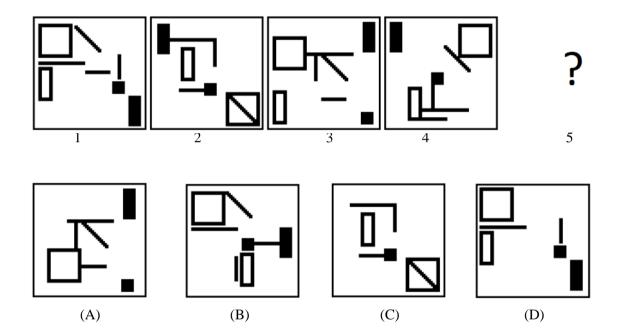
(iii)



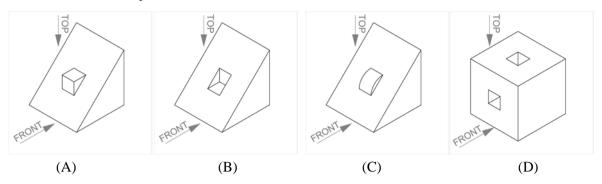
(ii)



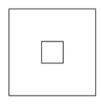
- (A) 8
- (B) 16
- (C) 18
- (D) 22
- Q54. Which of the options should appear at position number 5 to complete the series?



Q55. Given below are 4 objects A, B, C and D.



Which of these would look like a square within a square, as shown below, while looking from both front and top



- (A) A, B, C, D
- (C) Only A, B & C

- (B) Only A & B
- (D) Only D

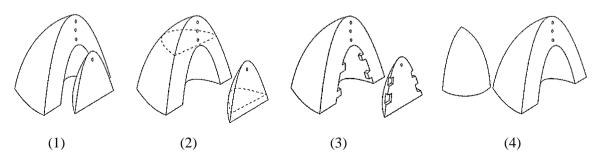
Directions (Question Nos. 56 to 59): Each question carries 3.0 marks. Please read the question carefully and select your response from the options provided.

Q56. Match the sayings and objects given below in the most suitable manner.

Sayings:

- S1: Time and tide wait for no man
- S2: The big fish eat the small
- S3: Keep your friend close and enemy closer
- S4: If at first you don't succeed, try again

Objects:



- (A) 1-S2, 2-S4, 3-S1, 4-S3
- (C) 1-S2, 2-S1, 3-S3, 4-S4

- (B) 1-S2, 2-S1, 3-S4, 4-S3
- (D) 1-S2, 2-S4, 3-S1, 4-S3

Q57. For a story titled "An Opportunity" which is depicted as follows:

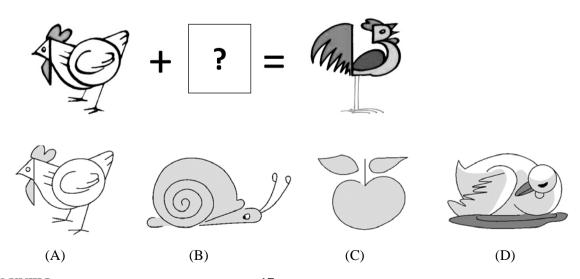


Choose one of the following endings to be consistent with the story title.



Q58. How many queens can be placed on a chessboard such that none is a target of any other?
(A) 12 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7

Q59. Select the image from the given options that would be most suitable in this equation:



Space for Rough Work

Space for Rough Work

Space for Rough Work